Request for Reconsideration after Final Action

The table below presents the data as entered.

Input Field	Entered
SERIAL NUMBER	85592703
LAW OFFICE ASSIGNED	LAW OFFICE 113

MARK SECTION (no change)

ARGUMENT(S)

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION

Applicant respectfully files this Request for Reconsideration in response to, and within six (6) months of, the Final Office Action dated March 4, 2013.

REMARKS

The following remarks are responsive to the Final Office Action mailed on March 4, 2013.

I. THE REFUSAL

The Examining Attorney has continued and made final the refusal to register Applicant's mark "WATERPROOFING IN A BOX" on the grounds that Applicant's mark is merely descriptive of the goods identified in the application under Trademark Act Section 2(e)(1), 15 U.S.C. \$1052(e)(1). Final Office Action, pg. 2, \P 2.

II. ARGUMENT

A. Applicant's mark is not merely descriptive

The Examining Attorney alleges that Applicant's mark merely describes a feature and characteristic of

Applicant's goods. Final Office Action, pg. 2, \P 2. Applicant respectfully disagrees and requests reconsideration and withdrawal of this refusal for the following reasons.

A mark is considered merely descriptive if it describes an ingredient, quality, characteristic, function, feature, purpose or use of the specified goods or services. *In re MetPath Inc.*, 223 USPQ 88 (TTAB 1984). The determination of whether or not a mark is merely descriptive must be made in relation to the goods or services for which registration is sought, not in the abstract. *In re Omaha National Corp.*, 819 F.2d 1117, 2 USPQ2d 1859 (Fed. Cir. 1987). This requires consideration of the context in which the mark is used or intended to be used in connection with those goods and/or services, and the possible significance that the mark would have to the average purchaser of the goods or services in the marketplace. *Id.*

Further, a combination mark should not be dissected word by word for purposes of analysis, but should be viewed in its entirety for its impact on purchasers. *In re Hutchinson*

Technology, 7 U.S.P.Q. 2d 1490 (Fed. Cir. 1988). The ultimate issue is the overall commercial impression that the composite mark as a whole creates on the average reasonably prudent buyer. *In re National Data Corp.*, 224 U.S.P.Q. 749 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Even combinations of two or more merely descriptive components are registrable if the juxtaposition of the words is determined to be inventive or non-descriptive, or if it evokes a unique commercial impression. TMEP § 1209.01(b). In other words, the commercial impression which is created by a composite mark can be arbitrary or suggestive even though its separate parts are descriptive. *McCarthy*, § 11.10[1]. Therefore, if a mark requires imagination, thought or perception to arrive at the qualities or characteristics of the goods, then the mark is suggestive and the mark can be registered. *In re Gyulay*, 820. F.2d 1216, 121, 3 USPQ2d 1009 (Fed. Cir. 1987).

Applicant is a supplier of building materials. Applicant's identification of goods in International Class 019 is directed to "[b]uilding materials, namely, waterproofing kits comprised of non-metal building flashing, sealants, building seam tape, foam-based sealants, and waterproofing membranes for roofing, floors and walls". Based on the plain language of the identification of goods, Applicant's waterproofing kits comprise building materials for *waterproofing buildings*.

The Examining Attorney alleges that Applicant's mark "immediately conveys the idea that applicant provides goods for the act of waterproofing and that the goods are available in a container". Final Office Action, pg. 2, ¶ 5. Applicant respectfully disagrees.

Applicant's standard non-punctuated word mark contains four separate terms, WATERPROOFING, IN, A, and BOX. The term WATERPROOFING is a noun with multiple meanings. For example, the term WATERPROOFING is defined as "a substance by which something is made waterproof". The term WATERPROOFING is also defined as "the act or process of making something waterproof". Attached as Exhibit "A" is a true and correct copy of Dictionary.com's definition of the term WATERPROOFING, http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/waterproofing. The term BOX is a noun, defined as "a container, case, or receptacle". Attached as Exhibit "B" is a true and correct copy of Dictionary.com's definition of the term BOX, http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/box. The term IN is a preposition "used to indicate inclusion within space, a place, or limits". Attached as Exhibit "C" is a true and correct copy of Dictionary.com's definition of the term IN, http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/in.

In order to be merely descriptive, the mark must immediately describe the goods to the prospective purchaser, i.e., the prospective purchaser need not take mental steps to come to the conclusion that the mark describes the particular goods in question. In reviewing Applicant's mark in its entirety and relying upon the dictionary definitions provided above, Applicant's mark has multiple meanings and therefore susceptible to multiple connotations. For example, some prospective purchasers are likely to

perceive Applicant's mark as **a substance by which a box is made waterproof** (e.g., waterproof coating on a box that makes the box waterproof). As another example, some prospective purchasers may perceive Applicant's mark as **an act or process of making a box waterproof**. As yet another example, some prospective purchasers may perceive Applicant's mark as **a waterproof box**. None of the example connotations provided above are analogous to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for *waterproofing buildings*.

Further inquiry or imagination is required when there are multiple meanings. A prospective purchaser is unlikely to, without further clues, immediately conclude what Applicant's goods are until he or she gathers further information (e.g., visit the Applicant's website or read informational material relating to the Applicant) in other to perceive the Applicant's mark as it relates to the Applicant's goods. To come to the conclusion that Applicant's mark relates to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings, the prospective purchaser must take a series of mental steps, prompted by further information, to conclude that Applicant is a supplier of building materials, that the box is a waterproofing kit comprising building materials, and that the building materials may be used for waterproofing buildings. These mental steps are necessary to make a conscious connection between Applicant's mark and Applicant's goods to sufficiently conclude that Applicant's goods may involve waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings.

Therefore, the combination of terms in Applicant's mark creates a unique and inventive commercial impression that requires some measure of imagination and mental steps on the part of the prospective purchaser in order to grasp the import of the mark. As such, Applicant's mark is not merely descriptive of Applicant's goods.

Further, none of the excerpts that the Examining Attorney relies on in the Final Office Action disclose marks with multiple connotations.

B. Suggestive marks are registrable on the Principal Register

Simply because a mark imparts information about a physical characteristic of the goods does not render it incapable of functioning as a trademark. *See In re D.C. Comics, Inc.*, 215 U.S.P.Q. 394,396 (C.C.P.A. 1982). A suggestive mark differs from a descriptive mark, which immediately tells something about the goods or services. *See In re Shutts*, 217 USPQ 363 (TTAB 27 1983). Suggestive marks, like fanciful and arbitrary marks, are registrable on the Principal Register without proof of secondary meaning. Therefore, a designation need not be devoid of all meaning in relation to the goods and services to be registrable. TMEP § 1209.01(a).

At most, Applicant's mark is suggestive of waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings. As stated above, suggestive marks are those that, when applied to the goods or services at issue, require imagination, thought or perception to reach a conclusion as to the nature of those goods or services.

As discussed above, Applicant's mark has multiple connotations. To reach the conclusion that Applicant's mark relates to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings, mental steps on the part of the prospective purchaser (in conjunction with gathering information identifying the Applicant as a supplier of building materials) are required. Therefore, the process of recognizing that Applicant's mark relates to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings requires some thought.

Where imagination or forethought is required to reach a conclusion as to a key

characteristic of the product, the mark must be determined to be suggestive not descriptive. *In re WSI Corporation*, 1 U.S.P.Q.2d 1570, 1572 (TTAB 1986). When the issue of whether the mark is suggestive or descriptive is not clear, the question is resolved in favor of the applicant. *In re Gourmet Bakers, Inc.*, 173 U.S.P.Q. 565, 565 (TTAB 1972).

Therefore, as Applicant's mark is at most a suggestive mark, Applicant's mark may be registered on the Principal Register.

III. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing remarks, Applicant respectfully submits that the application is in condition for publication. The Examining Attorney is invited to telephone the undersigned if it appears a phone conference would further this application in any way.

FVID	FNCE	CEC	LIUN

EVIDENCE FILE NAME(S)		
ORIGINAL PDF FILE	evi_7462150174-191600208Exhibits_RequestforReconsideration.pdf	
CONVERTED PDF FILE(S) (17 pages)	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0002.JPG	
	\\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0003.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xm16\RFR0004.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xm16\RFR0005.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0006.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0007.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0008.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0009.JPG	

	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0011.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0012.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0013.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0014.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0015.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0016.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xml6\RFR0017.JPG	
	\\TICRS\EXPORT16\IMAGEOUT16\855\927\85592703\xm16\RFR0018.JPG	
DESCRIPTION OF EVIDENCE FILE	Evidence in the nature of Exhibits A through C as discussed in the Request for Reconsideration has been attached	
SIGNATURE SECTION		
RESPONSE SIGNATURE	/Hemavathy Perumal/	
SIGNATORY'S NAME	Hemavathy Perumal	
SIGNATORY'S POSITION	Attorney of Record, CA bar member	
SIGNATORY'S PHONE NUMBER	424-229-6800	
DATE SIGNED	09/04/2013	
AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY	YES	
CONCURRENT APPEAL NOTICE FILED	YES	
FILING INFORMATION SECTION		
SUBMIT DATE	Wed Sep 04 19:55:21 EDT 2013	
TEAS STAMP	USPTO/RFR-74.62.150.174-2 0130904195521675029-85592 703-500a7322624d195dbc18b 7902802cb19d27436be566c9d 052142513a6aa159b98-N/A-N /A-20130904191600208143	

Request for Reconsideration after Final Action To the Commissioner for Trademarks:

Application serial no. 85592703 has been amended as follows:

ARGUMENT(S)

In response to the substantive refusal(s), please note the following:

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION

Applicant respectfully files this Request for Reconsideration in response to, and within six (6) months of, the Final Office Action dated March 4, 2013.

REMARKS

The following remarks are responsive to the Final Office Action mailed on March 4, 2013.

I. THE REFUSAL

The Examining Attorney has continued and made final the refusal to register Applicant's mark "WATERPROOFING IN A BOX" on the grounds that Applicant's mark is merely descriptive of the goods identified in the application under Trademark Act Section 2(e)(1), 15 U.S.C. \$1052(e)(1). Final Office Action, pg. 2, \P 2.

II. ARGUMENT

A. Applicant's mark is not merely descriptive

The Examining Attorney alleges that Applicant's mark merely describes a feature and characteristic of Applicant's goods. Final Office Action, pg. 2, ¶ 2. Applicant respectfully disagrees and requests reconsideration and withdrawal of this refusal for the following reasons.

A mark is considered merely descriptive if it describes an ingredient, quality, characteristic, function, feature, purpose or use of the specified goods or services. *In re MetPath Inc.*, 223 USPQ 88 (TTAB 1984). The determination of whether or not a mark is merely descriptive must be made in relation to the goods or services for which registration is sought, not in the abstract. *In re Omaha National Corp.*, 819 F.2d 1117, 2 USPQ2d 1859 (Fed. Cir. 1987). This requires consideration of the context in which the mark is used or intended to be used in connection with those goods and/or services, and the possible significance that the mark would have to the average purchaser of the goods or services in the marketplace. *Id.*

Further, a combination mark should not be dissected word by word for purposes of analysis, but should be viewed in its entirety for its impact on purchasers. *In re Hutchinson*

Technology, 7 U.S.P.Q. 2d 1490 (Fed. Cir. 1988). The ultimate issue is the overall commercial impression that the composite mark as a whole creates on the average reasonably prudent buyer. *In re National Data Corp.*, 224 U.S.P.Q. 749 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Even combinations of two or more merely descriptive components are registrable if the juxtaposition of the words is determined to be inventive or non-descriptive, or if it evokes a unique commercial impression. TMEP § 1209.01(b). In other words, the commercial impression which is created by a composite mark can be arbitrary or suggestive even though its separate parts are descriptive. *McCarthy*, § 11.10[1]. Therefore, if a mark requires imagination, thought or perception to arrive at the qualities or characteristics of the goods, then the mark is suggestive and the mark can be registered. *In re Gyulay*, 820. F.2d 1216, 121, 3 USPQ2d 1009 (Fed. Cir. 1987).

Applicant is a supplier of building materials. Applicant's identification of goods in International Class 019 is directed to "[b]uilding materials, namely, waterproofing kits comprised of non-metal building flashing, sealants, building seam tape, foam-based sealants, and waterproofing membranes for roofing, floors and walls". Based on the plain language of the identification of goods, Applicant's waterproofing kits comprise building materials for *waterproofing buildings*.

The Examining Attorney alleges that Applicant's mark "immediately conveys the idea that applicant provides goods for the act of waterproofing and that the goods are available in a container". Final Office Action, pg. 2, ¶ 5. Applicant respectfully disagrees.

Applicant's standard non-punctuated word mark contains four separate terms, WATERPROOFING, IN, A, and BOX. The term WATERPROOFING is a noun with multiple meanings. For example, the term WATERPROOFING is defined as "a substance by which something is made waterproof". The term WATERPROOFING is also defined as "the act or process of making something waterproof". Attached as Exhibit "A" is a true and correct copy of Dictionary.com's definition of the term WATERPROOFING, http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/waterproofing. The term BOX is a noun, defined as "a container, case, or receptacle". Attached as Exhibit "B" is a true and correct copy of Dictionary.com's definition of the term BOX, http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/box. The term IN is a preposition "used to indicate inclusion within space, a place, or limits". Attached as Exhibit "C" is a true and correct copy of Dictionary.com's definition of the term IN, http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/in.

In order to be merely descriptive, the mark must immediately describe the goods to the prospective purchaser, i.e., the prospective purchaser need not take mental steps to come to the conclusion that the mark describes the particular goods in question. In reviewing Applicant's mark in its entirety and relying upon the dictionary definitions provided above, Applicant's mark has multiple meanings and therefore susceptible to multiple connotations. For example, some prospective purchasers are likely to perceive Applicant's mark as **a substance by which a box is made waterproof** (e.g., waterproof coating on a box that makes the box waterproof). As another example, some prospective purchasers may perceive Applicant's mark as **an act or process of making a box waterproof**. As yet another example, some prospective purchasers may perceive Applicant's mark as **a waterproof box**. None of the example connotations provided above are analogous to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for *waterproofing buildings*.

Further inquiry or imagination is required when there are multiple meanings. A prospective purchaser is unlikely to, without further clues, immediately conclude what Applicant's goods are until he or she gathers further information (e.g., visit the Applicant's website or read informational material relating to the Applicant) in other to perceive the Applicant's mark as it relates to the Applicant's goods. To come to the conclusion that Applicant's mark relates to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings, the prospective purchaser must take a series of mental steps, prompted by further information, to conclude that Applicant is a supplier of building materials, that the box is a waterproofing kit comprising building materials, and that the building materials may be used for waterproofing buildings.

These mental steps are necessary to make a conscious connection between Applicant's mark and Applicant's goods to sufficiently conclude that Applicant's goods may involve waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings.

Therefore, the combination of terms in Applicant's mark creates a unique and inventive commercial impression that requires some measure of imagination and mental steps on the part of the prospective purchaser in order to grasp the import of the mark. As such, Applicant's mark is not merely descriptive of Applicant's goods.

Further, none of the excerpts that the Examining Attorney relies on in the Final Office Action disclose marks with multiple connotations.

B. Suggestive marks are registrable on the Principal Register

Simply because a mark imparts information about a physical characteristic of the goods

does not render it incapable of functioning as a trademark. See In re D.C. Comics, Inc., 215

U.S.P.Q. 394,396 (C.C.P.A. 1982). A suggestive mark differs from a descriptive mark, which immediately tells something about the goods or services. *See In re Shutts*, 217 USPQ 363 (TTAB 27 1983). Suggestive marks, like fanciful and arbitrary marks, are registrable on the Principal Register without proof of secondary meaning. Therefore, a designation need not be devoid of all meaning in relation to the goods and services to be registrable. TMEP § 1209.01(a).

At most, Applicant's mark is suggestive of waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings. As stated above, suggestive marks are those that, when applied to the goods or services at issue, require imagination, thought or perception to reach a conclusion as to the nature of those goods or services.

As discussed above, Applicant's mark has multiple connotations. To reach the conclusion that Applicant's mark relates to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings, mental steps on the part of the prospective purchaser (in conjunction with gathering information identifying the Applicant as a supplier of building materials) are required. Therefore, the process of recognizing that Applicant's mark relates to waterproofing kits comprising building materials for waterproofing buildings requires some thought.

Where imagination or forethought is required to reach a conclusion as to a key

characteristic of the product, the mark must be determined to be suggestive not descriptive. *In re WSI Corporation*, 1 U.S.P.Q.2d 1570, 1572 (TTAB 1986). When the issue of whether the mark is suggestive or descriptive is not clear, the question is resolved in favor of the applicant. *In re Gourmet Bakers, Inc.*, 173 U.S.P.Q. 565, 565 (TTAB 1972).

Therefore, as Applicant's mark is at most a suggestive mark, Applicant's mark may be

registered on the Principal Register.

III. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing remarks, Applicant respectfully submits that the application is in condition for publication. The Examining Attorney is invited to telephone the undersigned if it appears a phone conference would further this application in any way.

EVIDENCE

Evidence in the nature of Evidence in the nature of Exhibits A through C as discussed in the Request for Reconsideration has been attached has been attached.

Original PDF file:

evi_7462150174-191600208_._Exhibits_RequestforReconsideration.pdf

Converted PDF file(s) (17 pages)

Evidence-1

Evidence-2

Evidence-3

Evidence-4

Evidence-5

Evidence-6

Evidence-d

Evidence-7 Evidence-8

_ . . .

Evidence-9

Evidence-10

Evidence-11

Evidence-12

Evidence-13

Evidence-14

Evidence-15

Evidence-16

Evidence-17

SIGNATURE(S)

Request for Reconsideration Signature

Signature: /Hemavathy Perumal/ Date: 09/04/2013

Signatory's Name: Hemavathy Perumal

Signatory's Position: Attorney of Record, CA bar member

Signatory's Phone Number: 424-229-6800

The signatory has confirmed that he/she is an attorney who is a member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of a U.S. state, which includes the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and other federal territories and possessions; and he/she is currently the applicant's attorney or an associate thereof; and to the best of his/her knowledge, if prior to his/her appointment another U.S. attorney or a Canadian attorney/agent not currently associated with his/her company/firm previously represented the applicant in this matter: (1) the applicant has filed or is concurrently filing a signed revocation of or substitute power of attorney with the USPTO; (2) the USPTO has granted the request of the prior representative to withdraw; (3) the applicant has filed a power of attorney appointing him/her in this matter; or (4) the applicant's appointed U.S. attorney or Canadian attorney/agent has filed a power of attorney appointing him/her as an associate attorney in this matter.

The applicant is filing a Notice of Appeal in conjunction with this Request for Reconsideration.

Serial Number: 85592703

Internet Transmission Date: Wed Sep 04 19:55:21 EDT 2013 TEAS Stamp: USPTO/RFR-74.62.150.174-2013090419552167

5029-85592703-500a7322624d195dbc18b79028 02cb19d27436be566c9d052142513a6aa159b98-

N/A-N/A-20130904191600208143

EXHIBIT A

Dictionary Thesaurus Word Dynamo Quotes Reference Translator Log In Sign Up Premium

waterproofing

Related Searches

Basement waterproofi... Waterproofing baseme... Fabric waterproofing... Yourself basement wa... Basement waterproofi... Dry loc waterproofin... Canvas waterproofing... Basement waterproofi...

Nearby Words

waterpower waterproof waterproofing waterrepellent waterresistant waters

waterpot

Synonyms

impervious tight MORE

REAL COLA

TASTE.

60% LESS

SUGAR:

BELIEVEIT

SEE WHAT'S NEXT-

Considering Online Public School?

Individualized and free



Show IPA



In cold or rainy weather, a layer of petroleum jelly

Explain to students that the soap removed the

Underground waterproofing repairs and louver

Most people fail to realise that the main function

Example sentences

bad oil and the natural

of a roof is waterproofing.

waterproofing

<u>Building Waterproofing</u> www.abbae.com/Building_Waterproofing

Allana Buick & Bers, Inc. Building Waterproofing Experts. Waterproof and Caulking www.skyhighbm.com/Caulking_Pros

LA and OC locations Call Now Rated #1 Customer Service

wa-ter-proof-ing () [waw-ter-proo-fing, wot-er-] noun

a substance by which something is made waterproof. the act or process of making something waterproof.

Relevant Questions

How To Waterproof A Base... How To Waterproof Wood

How To Remove Waterproof... How To Waterproof Fabric

Origin:

1835-45; <u>waterproof</u> + -ing1

Related Words for : waterproofing sealing

View more related words »



Explore the Visual Thesaurus »

SVISUALTHESAURUS

Remove ads like these. Upgrade now!

wa·ter·proof ➪) [waw-ter-proof, wot-er-Dictionary.com Unabridged

Show IPA

adjective

- impervious to water.
- rendered impervious to $\underline{\text{water}}$ by some special process, as coating or treating with rubber: a waterproof hat.

- Chiefly British . a raincoat or other outer coat impervious to water.
- any of several coated or rubberized fabrics that are impervious to water.

verb (used with object)

to make waterproof.

Origin: 1730-40; water + -proof

Related forms

wa-ter-proof-er, noun wa-ter-proof-ness, noun

Oter This Source | Link To waterproofing

Waterproofing is always a great word to know. 00:10 So is bezoar. Does it mean:

- a calculus or concretion found in the stomach or intestines of certain animals, esp. ruminants, formerly reputed to be an effective remedy for poison.
- a chattering or flighty, light-headed person.

LEARN MORE UNUSUAL WORDS WITH WORD DYNAMO ...

World English Dictionary

Collins



Related Words

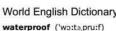
aluminum acetate maltha barium stearate metallic soap double coat paraffin drownproofing tarpaper luting zinc stearate MORE

Quote Of The Day

"Y'know scientists are funny. We probe and measure and dissect. Invent lights without heat,...

-Martin Berkeley

MORE



1/2

Waterproofing | Define Waterproofing at Dictionary.com

— adj

1. water-repellent Compare water-resistant not penetrable by water

- 1

2.chiefly (Brit) a waterproof garment, esp a raincoat

-vb

3.to make (a fabric, item of clothing, etc) waterproof

Coans English Dictionary - Complete & Unabridged 10th Edition 2009 © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009



Word Origin & History

Etymonline

waterproof

1736, from water + proof. The verb is first recorded 1843.

Online Byrnology Dictionary, © 2010 Douglas Harper

Partners: Word | Bloglines | Citysearch | The Daily Beast | Ask Answers | Ask Kids | Life123 | Sendori | Home Advisor

Copyright © 2013 Dictionary.com, LLC. All rights reserved. About | PRIVACY POLICY | Terms | API | Careers | Advertise with Us | Contact Us | Suggest a Word | Help

EXHIBIT B

Dictionary Thesaurus Word Dynamo Quotes Reference Translator Spanish Log In Sign Up Premium

Like 53

box

box 4

Related Searches

Cardboard box Wooden box Gift box Pandora box Packaging boxes Box games Box turtles Open box

Nearby Words

bowwow bowvanas bowyer box box ball box beam

box bed

Synonyms

confine package strike buffet scrap

chest clout MORE

Synonym Game

strike clout wallop

mix

pack chest

search dictionary



REAL COLA TASTE. 60% LESS SUGAR! DRINK IT TO BELIEVE IT SEE WHAT'S NEXT -

0

Box Secure File Sharing www.box.com/

Secure, Easy to Use for Businesses. Starts \$45, No Risk Free Trial! Hightail™ Official Site

www.hightail.com/

Share, Sign, Send, and Sync Files. Sign Up For Free Today!

box¹ □) [boks] Show IPA

noun

- tainer, case, or receptacle, usually rectangular, of wood, metal, cardboard, etc., and often with a lid or removable cover.
- the quantity contained in a box: She bought a box of candy as a
- Chiefly British . a gift or present: a Christmas box. 3.
- 4 post-office box.
- a compartment or section in a public place, shut or railed off for 5. the accommodation of a small number of people, especially in a theater, opera house, sports stadium, etc.

Relevant Questions

How To Box How To Boxing What Is Boxing? How To Make A Gift Box

verb (used with object)

- to put into a box: She boxed the glassware before the movers came.
- 24. to enclose or confine as in a box (often followed by in or up).
- 25. to furnish with a box.
- 26. to form into a box or the shape of a box.
- 27. to block so as to keep from passing or achieving better position (often followed by in): The Ferrari was boxed in by two other cars

Example sentences

It is not a rectangular- box gallery where people

We did a post on how to build a bee box for solitary nesting bees earlier this

Suppose your adversary opens only one moneyless box.

It has limited the spread of big-box retailing and works to retain locally



Upgrade to Ad-free Premium Membership!

Slang

boxed in box beat box doc-in-a-box eternity-box boom box hav so in fuse box on the table go home in a box groan box ed

Idioms & Phrases

00:03

in a bind (box) on one's soapbox pandora's box stuff the ballot box MORE

Matching Quote

"Listen to me, as if I were Sybaris barking with all his heads, at the gates of Hell, I will tell you where to take it. But don't ... don't open the box!"

-A.I. Bezzerides

MORE

Box is one of our favorite verbs. So is peculate. Does it mean:

- to steal or take dishonestly (money, esp. public funds,
- or property entrusted to one's care); embezzle.
- to chew (food) slowly and thoroughly.

LEARN MORE FUN, UNUSUAL VERBS WITH WORD DYNAMO ...

Verb phrases

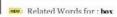
box out, Basketball. to position oneself between an opposing player and the basket to hinder the opposing player from rebounding or tipping in a shot; block out.

Idioms

- out of the box, Australian Slang, remarkable or exceptional;
- outside the box. Informal, in an innovative or unconventional manner; with a fresh perspective: You have to think outside the box and adapt those strategies to your business. Also, out of the box.

before 1000; Middle English, Old English, probably < Late Latin buxis, a reshaping of Latin pyxis; see boîte

Related forms box·like, adjective





Box | Define Box at Dictionary.com

package, loge, View more rela

package, loge, boxful, corner, boxwood View more related words »

DOX PARTON STATES TO STATE

Related Questions

How do i find a open dialog box?

What is white box testing?

box2 (1) [boks] Show IPA

Dictionary.com Unabridged

nou

a blow, as with the hand or fist: He gave the boy a box on his ear.

verb (used with object)

- to strike with the hand or fist, especially on the ear.
- 3. to fight against (someone) in a boxing match.

verb (used without object)

- to fight with the fists; participate in a <u>boxing</u> match; spar.
- to be a professional or experienced prizefighter or <u>boxer</u>: He has boxed since he was 16.

Origin:

1300-50; Middle English box a blow, boxen to beat, of uncertain origin

box³ [boks] <u>Show IPA</u>

noun

- an evergreen shrub or small tree of the genus Buxus, especially B. sempervirens, having shiny, elliptic, dark-green leaves, used for omamental borders, hedges, etc., and yielding a hard, durable wood.
- 2. the wood itself. Compare boxwood (defs 1, 2) .
- any of various other shrubs or trees, especially species of eucalyptus.

Origin:

before 950; Middle English, Old English < Latin buxus boxwood < Greek pýxos



box4 [boks] Show IPA

verb (used with object)

- Nautical. to boxhaul (often followed by off).
- Meteorology . to fly around the center of a storm in a <u>boxlike</u> pattern in order to gather meteorological data: to box a storm.

Idioms

 box the compass, Nautical. to recite all of the points of the compass in a clockwise order.

Origin:

1745–55; probably < Spanish bojar to sail around, earlier boxar, perhaps < Catalan vogir to (cause to) turn « Latin volvere (see revolve); influenced by $\underline{box^1}$

Dictionary.com/Unabridged
Based on the Random House Dictionary, © Random House, Inc. 201:

Qin This Source | Link To box

World English Dictionary

Collins

box 1 (boks)

- 1

- a receptacle or container made of wood, cardboard, etc, usually rectangular and having a removable or hinged lid
- Also called: boxful the contents of such a receptacle or the amount it can contain: he ate a whole box of chocolates
 any of various containers for a specific purpose: a money box;
- 3.any of various containers for a specific purpose: a money box; letter box
- 4.(often in combination) any of various small cubicles, kiosks, or

```
shelters: a telephone box or callbox; a sentry box; a signal box
   on a rallway
 5.a separate compartment in a public place for a small group of
   people, as in a theatre or certain restaurants
 6. jury box See witness box an enclosure within a courtroom
 7.loosebox See horsebox a compartment for a horse in a stable or a
 8. (Brit) a small country house occupied by sportsmen when following a field sport, esp shooting
 9.a. a protective housing for machinery or mechanical parts
   b. the contents of such a box
c. ( in combination ): a gearbox
10.a shaped device of light tough material worn by sportsmen to
   protect the genitals, esp in cricket
11.a section of printed matter on a page, enclosed by lines, a
border, or white space
12.a central agency to which mail is addressed and from which it is
   collected or redistributed: a post-office box; to reply to a box
number in a newspaper advertisement
13.the central part of a computer or the casing enclosing it
14 short for penalty box
15.baseball either of the designated areas in which the batter may
   stand
16.the raised seat on which the driver sits in a horse-drawn coach
17.( NZ ) a wheeled container for transporting coal in a mine
18.( Austral ), ( NZ ) an accidental mixing of herds or flocks
19.a hole cut into the base of a tree to collect the sap
20.short for Christmas box
21.a device for dividing water into two or more ditches in an
Imigation system

22.an informal name for a coffin
23.taboo , slang the female genitals
24.( NZ ) be a box of birds to be very well indeed
25.informal ( Brit ) the box television
26.think outside the box , think out of the box to think in a
different, innovative, or original manner, esp with regard to business practices, products, systems, etc 27.tick all the boxes to satisfy all of the apparent requirements for
   success
28.informal ( Austral ) out of the box outstanding or excellent: a
   day out of the box
 - vb (foll by in ) (sometimes foll by up )
29.( tr ) to put into a box

 (tr; usually foll by in or up) to prevent from moving freely;
confine

   .printing to enclose (text) within a ruled frame
32.( tr ) to make a cut in the base of (a tree) in order to collect the
   sap
33.( Austral ), ( NZ ) ( tr ) to mix (flocks or herds) accidentally
34.( NZ ) to confuse: I am all boxed up 35.nautical short for boxhaul
36.nautical box the compass to name the compass points in order
[Old English box , from Latin buxus from Greek puxos box 3]
'boxlike 1
— adj
box 2 (boks)
- vb
1.( tr ) to fight (an opponent) in a boxing match 2.( intr ) to engage in boxing
3.( tr ) to hit (a person) with the fist; punch or cuff
4.box clever to behave in a careful and cunning way
5.a punch with the fist, esp on the ear
[C14: of uncertain origin; perhaps related to Dutch boken to shunt,
push into position]
box 3 (boks)
1.a dense slow-growing evergreen tree or shrub of the genus Buxus ,
  esp B. sempervirens , which has small shiny leaves and is used for
  hedges, borders, and garden mazes: family Buxaceae
2.See boxwood the wood of this tree
3.any of several trees the timber or foliage of which resembles this
  tree, esp various species of Eucalyptus with rough bark
[Old English, from Latin buxus ]
```

vanity bag , case or box

a woman's small bag or hand case used to carry cosmetics, etc

case , case or box

-n

box , case or box

Collins English Dictionary - Complete & Unabridged 10th Edition 2009 © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2008, 2007, 2008

Word Origin & History

Etymonline

box
O.E. box "a wooden container," also "type of shrub," from L.L. buxis, from Gk. pyxis "boxwood box," from pyxos "box tree," of uncertain origin. Ger. Büchse also is a Latin loan word. Slang meaning "vulva" is attested 17c., according to "Dictionary of American Slang;" modern use seems to date from

Online Bymology Dictionary, © 2010 Douglae Harper

Slang Dictionary

box definition

... the genitals of the male, especially as contained within a garment, such as underwear. (Usually objectionable.): God, did you see the box on him?

the genitals of a female; the vagina considered as a container for the penis. (Usually objectionable.): He wants to get in her box.

a coffin. : Put him in a box and put the box in a hole. Then the matter is closed.

a phonograph player. : Yours is old! My box still has tubes!

a portable stereo radio. : Does that damn box have to be so loud?

a piano. : She sure can pound the devil out of that box!

to die. : The old man looks like he's going to box at any minute.

Go to (ghetto) box. :

Go to (squeeze-)box. :

Dictionary of American Stang and Collectulal Expressions by Richard A. Spears. Fourth Edition. Copyright 2007. Published by McGraw Hill.

(ghetto) blaster definition

['gedo blæsta-] and ['gedo boks]

and (ghetto) box

a huge portable stereo, often carried on the shoulder. (Associated with blacks.): Hey, turn down that ghetto blaster in here!

(squeeze-)box definition

an accordion. (See also groan box.): My brother plays the squeeze-box—not very well, but who can tell?, The band consisted of drums, clarinet, and a box. A real winner.

ssions by Richard A. Spears. Fourth Edition.

Computing Dictionary

FOLDOC

box definition

1. A computer; especially in the construction "foo box" where foo is some functional qualifier, like "graphics", or the name of an <u>operating system</u> (thus, " <u>Unix box"</u>, "<u>MS-DOS box</u>", etc.) "We preprocess the data on Unix boxes before handing it up to the <u>mainframe</u>." The plural "boxen" is sometimes seen.

2. Without qualification in an IBM SNA site, "box" refers specifically to an IBM front-end processor. Jargon File

(1994-11-29)

THE THE SOURCE

Bible Dictionary

Easton

Box definition

for holding oil or perfumery (Mark 14:3). It was of the form of a flask or bottle. The Hebrew word (pak) used for it is more appropriately rendered "vial" in 1 Sam. 10:1, and should also be so rendered in 2 Kings 9:1, where alone else it occurs.

Easton's 1897 Bible Dictionary Ote This Source

Idioms & Phrases

American Heritage

box

In addition to the idioms beginning with box, also see in a bind (box); on one's soapbox; pandora's box; stuff the ballot box.

The American Haritage® Dictionery of blons by Christine Americ. Copyright © 1997, Published by Houghton Mil'lin. Olio This Source



Partners: Word | Bioglines | Citysearch | The Daily Beast | Ask Answers | Ask Kids | Life123 | Sendori | Home Advisor

Copyright © 2013 Dictionary.com, LLC. All rights reserved. About | PRIVACY POLICY | Terms | API | Careers | Advertise with Us | Contact Us | Suggest a Word | Help

EXHIBIT C

Dictionary T

Thesaurus

Word Dynamo

Quotes

Reference

Translator

Spanish

Log In Sign Up

Premium

in

Related Searches

In gr
In out burger
In vitro fertilizati...
Sign in
In and out burger lo...
Indiana jones
Ign

Nearby Words

Indiana

imune

imuran imv in in a bad light in a bad mood in a bad spot

Synonyms

contemporary prevailing customary stylish genteel dashing popular MORE

Synonym Game

chichi smart hot fly rakish

current

now

It's time to update your status.

in st

Use In in a sentence

Hoover's - Official Site

www.hoovers.com/

Find business contacts with our people directory. Try it now!

Hotel in Inglewood Ca

www.hollywoodinnhotellax.com/

Free Breakfast, Free WiFi, Free Parking, Free Shuttle to Lax

in (i) [in] Show IPA preposition, adverb, adjective, noun, verb, inned, in-ning. preposition

- (used to indicate inclusion within space, a place, or limits): walking in the park.
- (used to indicate inclusion within something abstract or immaterial): in politics; in the autumn.
- (used to indicate inclusion within or occurrence during a period or limit of time): in ancient times; a task done in ten minutes.
- (used to indicate limitation or qualification, as of situation, condition, relation, manner, action, etc.): to speak in a whisper; to be similar in appearance.
- 5. (used to indicate means): sketched in ink; spoken in French.

adverb

- in or into some place, position, state, relation, etc.: Please come in.
- 10. on the inside; within.
- 11. in one's house or office.
- 12. in office or power.
- 13. in possession or occupancy.

In is always a great word to know. So is flibbertigibbet. Does it mean: 00:10

- a chattering or flighty, light-headed person.
- a calculus or concretion found in the stomach or intestines of certain animals, esp. ruminants, formerly reputed to be an effective remedy for poison.

LEARN MORE UNUSUAL WORDS WITH WORD DYNAMO...

adjective

- located or situated within; inner; internal: the in part of a mechanism.
- 20. Informal.
 - in favor with advanced or sophisticated people; fashionable; stylish: the in place to dine; Her new novel is the in book to read this summer.
 - comprehensible only to a special or ultrasophisticated group: an in joke.
- 21. well-liked; included in a favored group.
- inward; incoming; inbound: an in train.
- 23. plentiful; available.

Example sentences for in

Nonetheless, piglet offers the house to owl, and he presumably moves in.

This allows him to know everything about anything in the dimension he is in.

The lift operator brings him to the correct floor, and watches until he went in.

The club has two annual fixtures that it arranges or is involved in.



Enjoy Dictionary.com ad-free! Learn more

Idioms & Phrases

in

MORE

Matching Quote

"A new kind of woman with deeprooted values is changing the way we live. Market researchers call it "neotraditionalism." To us it's a woman who has found her identity in herself, her home, her family.... She is part of an extraordinary social movement that is profoundly changing the way Americans look at living-and the way products are marketed. The home is again the center of American life, oatmeal is back on the breakfast table, families are vacationing together, watching movies at home, playing Monopoly again. Even the perfume ads are suddenly glorifying commitment."

-unknown author

MORE

In | Define In at Dictionary.com

- Usually, ins. persons in office or political power (distinguished from <u>outs</u>).
- 27. a member of the political party in power: The election made him an in.
- pull or influence; a social advantage or connection: He's got an in with the senator.
- (in tennis, squash, handball, etc.) a return or service that lands within the in-bounds limits of a court or section of a court (opposed to <u>out</u>).

verb (used with object) British Dialect .

to enclose.

Idio

Types of buses in computers? What is gb in computers?

Related Questions

Idioms

- 31. be in for, to be bound to undergo something, especially a disagreeable experience: We are in for a long speech.
- in for it, Slang. about to suffer chastisement or unpleasant consequences, especially of one's own actions or omissions: I forgot our anniversary again, and I'll be in for it now. Also, British, for it.
- 33. in that, because; inasmuch as: In that you won't have time for supper, let me give you something now.
- 34. in with, on friendly terms with; familiar or associating with: They are in with all the important people.

Origin:

before 900; 1925–30 for def 28; Middle English, Old English; cognate with German, Dutch, Old Frisian, Old Saxon, Gothic in, Old Norse $\overline{\iota}$, Latin in, Greek en, Lithuanian $\underline{\iota}$

IN

Dictionary.com Unabridged

Indiana (approved especially for use with zip code).

In

Symbol, Chemistry . indium.

in-1

a prefix representing English in (<code>income</code>; <code>indwelling</code>; <code>inland</code>, etc.), but used also as a verb-formative with transitive, intensive, or sometimes little apparent <code>force</code> (<code>intrust</code>; <code>inweave</code>, etc.). It often assumes the same forms as $\underline{\text{in-2}}$, such as $\underline{\text{en-}}$, $\underline{\text{em-}}$, $\underline{\text{im-3}}$.

Origin:

Middle English, Old English; see in

in-

a prefix of Latin origin meaning primarily "in," but used also as a verb-formative with the same $\underline{\text{force}}$ as $\underline{\text{in-1}}$. (incarcerate; incantation).

Also, **il-**, **im-**, **ir-**. Compare <u>em-</u>, <u>en-</u>.

Origin:

< Latin, combining form of in (preposition); cognate with \underline{in}

in-3

a profix of Latin origin corresponding to English un- having a

In | Define In at Dictionary.com

a pieto of cannongin, corresponding to English are, having a negative or privative force, freely used as an English formative, especially of <u>adjectives</u> and their derivatives and of <u>nouns</u> (inattention; indefensible; inexpensive; inorganic; invariable). It assumes the same phonetic phases as <u>in-2</u>. (impartial; immeasurable; illiterate; irregular, etc.). In French, it became enand thus occurs unfelt in such words as enemy (French ennemi, Latin inimicus, lit., not friendly).

Also, il-, im-, ir-.

Origin:

< Latin; akin to an-1, a-6, un-1

Synonyms

The prefixes IN- and UN- may both have, among other uses, a negative force. IN- is the form derived from Latin, and is therefore used in learned words or in words derived from Latin or (rarely) Greek: inaccessible, inaccuracy, inadequate, etc. UN- is the native form going back to Old English, used in words of native origin, and sometimes used in combination with words of other origins if these words are in common use: unloving, ungodly, unfeeling, unnecessary, unsafe.

-in1

a <u>suffix</u>, occurring in <u>adjectives</u> of Greek and Latin origin, meaning "pertaining to," and (in <u>nouns</u> thence derived) also imitated in English (coffin; cousin, etc.).

Origin:

Middle English -in, -ine < Old French < Latin -inus, -ina, -inum < Greek - inos, -inē, -inon

-in²

a <u>noun</u> suffix used in a special manner in chemical and mineralogical nomenclature (<code>glycerin; acetin, etc.)</code>. In <u>spelling</u>, usage wavers between <code>-in</code> and <code>-ine.</code> In chemistry a certain distinction of use is attempted, basic substances having the termination <code>-ine</code> rather than <code>-in (aconitine; aniline, etc.)</code>, and <code>-in being restricted to certain neutral compounds, glycerides, glucosides, and proteids (<code>albumin; palmitin, etc.)</code>, but this distinction is not always observed.</code>

Origin:

< Neo-Latin -ina. See -ine2

-in³

a suffixal use of the adverb <code>in,</code> extracted from <code>sit-in,</code> forming compound <code>nouns</code>, usually from <code>yerbs</code>, referring to organized protests through or in support of the named activity (<code>kneel-in; chain-in; be-in</code>) or, more generally, to any organized social or cultural activity (<code>cook-in; sing-in</code>).

in.

inch; inches.

World English Dictionary

Collins

in 1 (In)

— prep

- 1.inside; within: no smoking in the auditorium
- 2.at a place where there is: lying in the shade; walking in the rain 3.indicating a state, situation, or condition: in a deep sleep; standing in silence
- before or when (a period of time) has elapsed: come back in one year
- 5. using (a language, etc) as a means of communication: written in code
- 6.concerned or Involved with, esp as an occupation: In journalism7.while or by performing the action of; as a consequence of or by means of: in crossing the street he was run over
- 8.used to indicate goal or purpose: in honour of the president
- (used of certain animals) about to give birth to; pregnant with (specified offspring): in foal; in calf
- 10.a variant of into : she fell in the water ; he tore the paper in two

```
11.( often foll by an infinitive ) have it in one to have the ability (to
   do something)
12.informal (Austral) in it joining in; taking part
13.( conjunction ) In that , In so far as because or to the extent
   that; inasmuch as: I regret my remark in that it upset you
14. nothing in it no difference or interval between two things
15.in or into a particular place; inward or indoors: come in; bring
16.so as to achieve office, power, or authority: the Conservatives
   got in at the last election
17.so as to enclose: block in ; cover in a hole
18.(in certain games) so as to take one's turn or one's team's turn at
   a certain aspect of the play; taking one's innings: you have to
   get the other side out before you go in
19.( Brit ) (of a fire) alight: do you keep the fire in all night?
20.( in combination ) indicating an activity or gathering, esp one
   organized to protest against something: teach-in; work-in
21.in at present at (the beginning, end, etc)
22.in between between
23.in for about to be affected by (something, esp something
   unpleasant): you're in for a shock
24.In on acquainted with or sharing in: I was in on all his plans
25.In with associated with; friendly with; regarded highly by
26.informal have it in for, have got it in for to wish or intend harm
   towards
27.( stressed ) fashionable; modish: the in thing to do
28.( NZ ) competing: you've got to be in to win
29.Ins and outs intricacies or complications; details: the ins and
   outs of a computer system
[Old English; compare Old High German in, Welsh yn, Old Norse ī,
Latin in, Greek en ]
In 2
- the internet domain name for
India
In
- the chemical symbol for
Indium
IN
- abbreviation for
Indiana
in.
- abbreviation for
inch(es)
in- , il- , im- or ir- 1
 - prefix
Compare un- not; non-: incredible ; insincere ; illegal ; imperfect ;
irregular
[from Latin In-; related to ne-, non not]
ii- , ii- , im- or ir- 1
- prefix
[from Latin in-; related to ne-, non not]
im- , il- , im- or ir- 1
- prefix
```

[from Latin in-; related to ne-, non not]

```
ir- , il- , im- or ir- 1
 - prefix
 [from Latin In-; related to ne-, non not]
 in- , il- , im- or ir- 2
 - prefix
 1.in; into; towards; within; on: infiltrate; immigrate
2.having an intensive or causative function: inflame; imperil
 [from in (prep, adv)]
 II- , II- , Im- or Ir- 2
 - prefix
 [from in (prep, adv)]
 im- , il- , im- or ir- 2
 - prefix
 [from in (prep, adv)]
 ir- , il- , im- or ir- 2
 - prefix
 [from in (prep, adv)]
 -In
  - suffix forming nouns
 1.indicating a neutral organic compound, including proteins,
 glucosides, and glycerides: insulin; digitoxin; tripalmitin
2.indicating an enzyme in certain nonsystematic names: pepsin
 3.indicating a pharmaceutical substance: penicillin; riboflavin;
   aspirin
 4.indicating a chemical substance in certain nonsystematic names:
   coumarin
 [from New Latin -ina; compare -ine 2]
Collins English Dictionary - Complete & Unabridged 10th Edition 2009 © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins
Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009
Cite This Source
 Word Origin & History
                                                                              Etymonline
 O.E. in "in," inne "within," from P.Gmc. *in (cf. O.Fris, Du., Ger., Goth.
 In, O.N. I), from PIE *en-/*n (cf. Gk. en, L. in, O.Ir. in, Welsh yn-, O.C.S. on-). Sense of "holding power" (the in party) first recorded 1605; that of "exclusive" (the in-crowd, an in-joke) is from 1907;
 that of "stylish, fashionable"
Online Etymology Dictionary, @ 2010 Douglas Harper
 Medical Dictionary
                                                                      American Heritage
  The symbol for the element Indium .
 In- 1 or II- or Im- or Ir-
 pref.
  Not: invertebrate.
 in- 2 or II- or Im- or Ir-
 pref.
  In; into; within: intubation.
```

-in suff.

Neutral chemical compound: inulin.

Pharmaceutical: rifampin. Antibiotic: penicillin. Antigen: tuberculin.

Variant of <u>-ine²</u>.

The American Heritage® Stedman's Medical Dictionary
Copyright © 2002, 2001, 1995 by Houghton Mifflin Company. Published by Houghton Mifflin

Cite This Source

Science Dictionary

American Heritage

Abbreviation of inch

The symbol for Indium .

indium (ĭn'dē-əm) Pronunciation Key Symbol In

A soft, malleable, silvery-white metallic element that occurs mainly in ores of zinc and lead. It is used in the manufacture of semiconductors, in bearings for aircraft engines, and as a plating over silver in mirrors. Atomic number 49; atomic weight 114.82; melting point 156.61°C; boiling point 2,080°C; specific gravity 7.31; valence 1, 2, 3. See Periodic Table.

Copyright @ 2002. Published by Houghton Mifflin. All rights reserved.

Slang Dictionary

in definition

current; fashionable. : What's in around here in the way of clothing?

ng and Colloquial Expressions by Richard A. Spears. Fourth Ed Copyright 2007. Published by McGraw Hill.

Computing Dictionary

FOLDOC

in definition

1. The country code for India.

(1999-01-27)
2. The typical type or "mode" of <u>function parameter</u> that passes information in one direction - from the caller to the function. Other modes are out and inout.

(2010-01-19)

The Free On-line Dictionary of Computing, @ Denis Howle 2010 http://foldoc.org

Abbreviations & Acronyms

American Heritage

in inch

In indium

Indiana

The American Heritage® Abbreviations Dictionary, Third Edition Copyright © 2005 by Houghton Mifflin Company.

Published by Houghton Mifflin Company. All rights reserved.

Idioms & Phrases

American Heritage

In addition to the idioms beginning with in, also see under out of.

The American Heritage® Dictionary of Idioms by Christine Ammer. Conversite © 1997. Published by Houghton Mifflin

Ote This Source

Partners: Word | Bloglines | Citysearch | The Daily Beast | Ask Answers | Ask Kids | Life123 | Sendori | Home Advisor

Copyright © 2013 Dictionary.com, LLC. All rights reserved. About | PRIVACY POLICY | Terms | API | Careers | Advertise with Us | Contact Us | Suggest a Word | Help